1. Tourism research can be undertaken from various perspectives, including:
   a. A management perspective
   b. A policy perspective
   c. A social science perspective
   d. All of the above

2. Epistemology, ontology and methodology are the three realms addressed by:
   a. Research objectives
   b. Research aims
   c. Research paradigms
   d. Research methods

3. Subjective methods:
   a. Are usually faster to implement than empirical methods
   b. Are usually more time-consuming than empirical methods
   c. Are usually dealing with numbers (i.e. accurate data)
   d. Are usually implemented through questionnaires with Likert-type scales

4. Predictive research:
   a. Is research aimed at anticipating the likely outcome of a course of action
   b. Is designed to generate insights into cause-and-effect relationships
   c. Is research that attempts to provide information on what exists
   d. None of the above

5. Typically, the phases of a research project are, in this order:
   a. Specification of goals, review of literature, research design, analysis, communication of results, conclusions
   b. Review of literature, specification of goals, research design, analysis, communication of results, conclusions
   c. Review of literature, research design, specification of goals, analysis, conclusions, communication of results
   d. Specification of goals, review of literature, research design, analysis, conclusions, communication of results