1. The ‘5 As’ (attractions, activities, accessibility, amenities, accommodation) describe:
   a. A tourism organization
   b. A destination
   c. A stakeholder
   d. A tourist information network

2. Exploration, involvement, development, consolidation and stagnation are stages of:
   a. Doxey’s Irridex (1975)
   b. Bryan’s Leisure Experience Continuum (1977)
   c. Butler’s Tourist Area Lifecycle (1980)
   d. Plog’s (1991) Psychographic Continuum

3. The acronym DMO stands for:
   a. Destination Management Organization
   b. Development Management Organization
   c. Dual Marketing Organization
   d. Destination Management Operation

4. The acronym VICE stands for:
   a. Visitors, Industry, Communities, Environment
   b. Visitors, Involvement, Capabilities, Expansion
   c. Visitors, Involvement, Capabilities, Environment
   d. Visitors, Industry, Communities, Expansion

5. Maps, tour guides, plaques, signs and videos are examples of tools of:
   a. Tourist direction
   b. Ecolabelling
   c. Revenue generation
   d. Tourist interpretation and education