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**How Plantwise works** 

Success of Plantwise depends on partnership with plant health stakeholders at national, regional & global levels

Through partnerships Plantwise works:

with existing government structures

★ to strengthen linkages for complementarity of institutional efforts to strengthen national plant health systems despite potential conflict of mandates & overlapping roles



**Plantwise components** 

- ✓ Networks of plant clinics document plant health problems, give advice to farmers & facilitate vigilance on pests
- ★ Knowledge bank an online resource, continuously updated according to user needs for pest diagnosis, mapping pest distribution & information on plant health management
- Monitoring & evaluation systematic assessment of performance & measurement of progress

#### **Current Plantwise countries**





#### **Current Status in Asia**

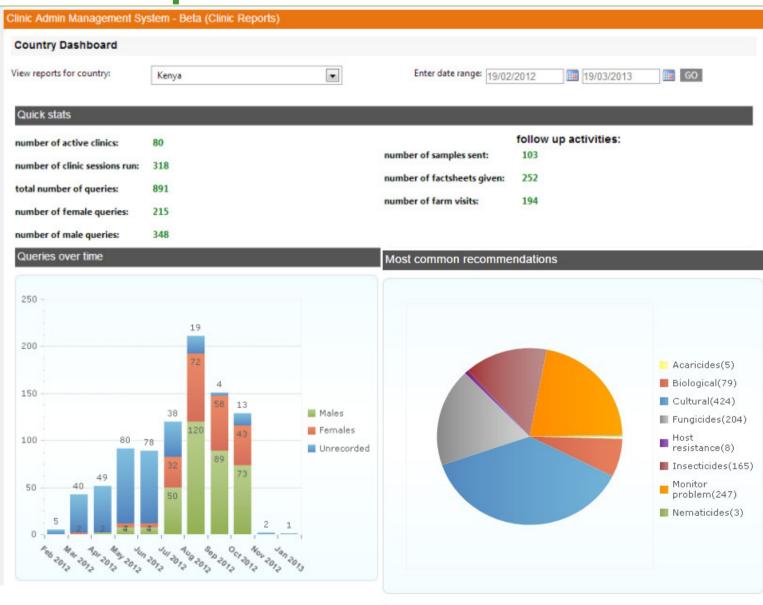


Plant doctors trained	> 1900
National master trainers (several countries)	>182
No. of clinics established	~989 (incl. e-plant clinics)
Clinic queries handled	>65,982
Plant health rallies held	05

- ▶ PW piloted in 11 countries with increasing demand to spread to others
- ✓ Clinics & associated outreach activities reaching many farmers directly e.g. PCs & PHRs and indirectly through media (radios, newspapers, TVs) mobile telephones, etc.
  - **NB:** great potential for e-mobile (farmer to farmer & extension worker to farmer)

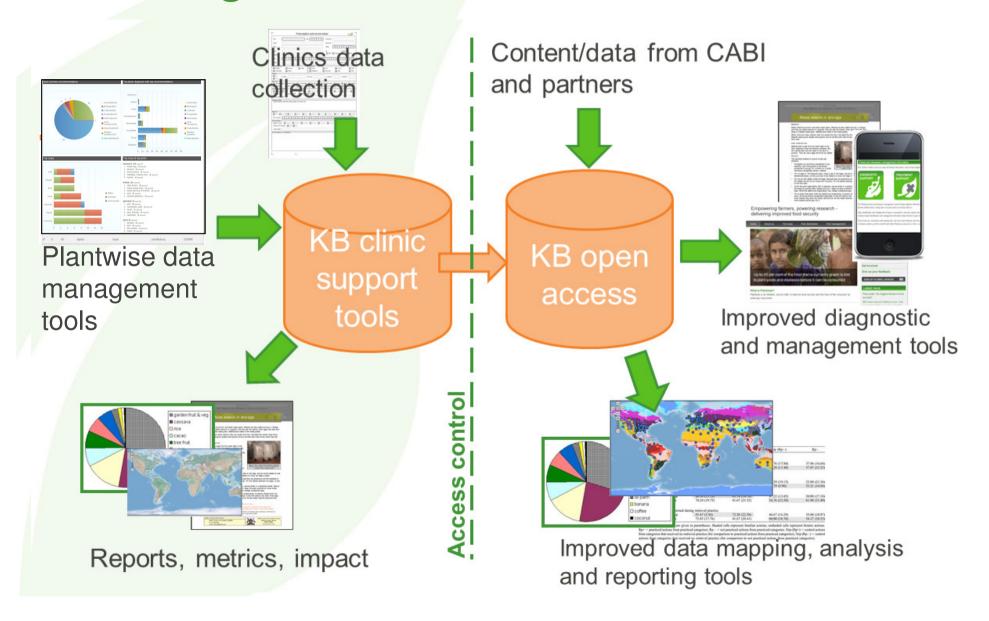
# Illustration: plant clinic data plantwise

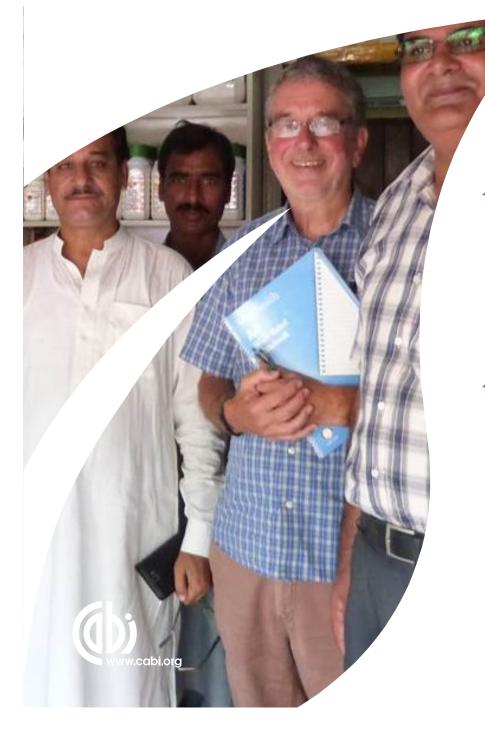






#### Knowledge Bank & PC data





**Monitoring & Evaluation** 

Evidence-based assessment of performance & progress

▶ Processes & tools deployed at programme-level & in country operations

External Evaluation conducted by independent external collaborator(s)

 in selected countries e.g.
 Pakistan, Sri Lanka, China,
 Vietnam and Myanmar



#### **Critical M&E questions**

▶ Does PW lead to plant health stakeholder linkages that

create stronger institutions for managing plant health?

better management of plant health, exemplified by improved food security (and food safety)?





#### **Opportunities**

- Maintenance of accurate pest records based on validated data
  - ✓ Can improve capacity to fulfil obligations under IPPC & improve phytosanitary compliance with market requirements
- A potential framework for vigilance on pests
  - ★ to enable countries institute emergency response & deal with the associated trade access issues
- Products − e.g. PMDGs can serve as crop value chain-specific codes of cood practice.



#### **Lessons learnt**

- ✓ Need to align with country development plans e.g. in Pakistan, PW is included in Extension 2.0
- Need to engage partners beyond national implementation teams/coordination units for broader buy-in broader demonstration of potential benefits
- ✓ Varied commitment of governments in dedicating resources to PW operations



**Going forward** 

✓ Strengthening of national ownership: use of national trainers, provision of resources for key operations

- ✓ Increased use of ICT: e-plant clinics, extension messaging & plant doctor support through mobile phones
- ✓ Collecting evidence: contribution to reduced crop loss, improved food security, better livelihoods & gender equity



Thank you

We wish to acknowledge the support of our donors, as well as our national and international partners who make Plantwise possible









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