<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th><strong>Locations</strong></th>
<th>Burundi, Kenya, Rwanda, Tanzania, Uganda</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Dates</strong></td>
<td>27/01/2020 - 30/09/2020</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Summary</strong></td>
<td>The East African Community (EAC) represents one of the fastest growing regional economic communities in the world. However, trade of agricultural products, from and within this region, has been hindered by factors including Sanitary and PhytoSanitary (SPS) issues. The project will assess the SPS systems and identify challenges and opportunities for further investments.</td>
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The EAC Secretariat has recently taken important steps to create common SPS standards that are harmonized among Partner States, also referred to as the EAC SPS Legal Framework (ESLF).

While the EAC SPS Protocol has not been fully ratified, some regulations have been adopted by the Council of Ministers as harmonized EAC SPS measures. These include (i) phytosanitary measures; (ii) the Pest Risk Analysis (PRA) guides for maize, rice and beans; and (iii) the food safety measures, with nearly 80% of the work on harmonized animal health measures being completed.

What we are doing

The USDA-supported Trade of Agriculture Safely and Efficiently in East Africa (TRASE) project, implemented by Land O'Lakes Venture 37 (V37), will build from these successes and work at regional and national levels to:

- Expand trade of agricultural products domestically, regionally and internationally in the EAC by domesticating the EAC SPS Legal Framework (ESLF), a series of regulations, standard operating procedures and measures, at national levels
- Drive best practices in SPS functions such as testing, inspection and enforcement. The TRASE project will establish three center of excellence (CoE) laboratories as regional models. TRASE will also work with identified Competent Authorities to strengthen pest and disease surveillance, notification and overall transparency at the regional and domestic levels
- Strengthen regional and national SPS committees to coordinate and communicate with the private sector and partner states to reduce trade barriers, increase transparency and raise SPS awareness
- Increase producer and consumer awareness on the importance of safe food and the harmful effects of low quality and/or counterfeit inputs on public health and trade, which will drive demand for safer products and increase political will to support and enforce SPS standards.

In partnership with targeted EAC Partner States, USDA and other stakeholders, CABI and KO Associates (KOA) are conducting a technical and legal assessment of SPS systems in EAC to help prioritize SPS investment options that will improve both regional and international trade and further strengthen regional integration of the EAC.

CABI will be engaging with authorities and private sector players within the EAC to identify SPS issues affecting regional and international trade and will develop regional commitments and investment opportunities at country and regional levels whilst applying synergies from existing projects and investments.
Results so far

CABI has recruited eight consultants and established a working relationship with KOA. An effective approach and tools for undertaking the assessment were developed and agreed upon at an e-workshop involving CABI, KOA, Consultants and V37 staff. An inception report and workplan has been compiled and submitted to V37.

Due to the COVID-19 pandemic, virtual approaches for collecting SPS information from the five target EAC countries have been developed and the assessment is progressing well. Results from the consultants will be collated into a consolidated report that will inform investment opportunities for the five-year TRASE project.

Donors
United States Department of Agriculture (USDA)

Partners
KO Associates

CABI Project Manager
George Oduor

https://www.cabi.org/what-we-do/cabi-projects/