## SUSTAINABLE MANAGEMENT OF FALL ARMYWORM IN BOTSWANA

**Locations**  
Botswana

**Dates**  
01/07/2019 - 31/07/2020

**Summary**  
During 2017-18, the invasion of the fall armyworm (FAW) in Botswana posed a serious threat to food and nutrition security for vulnerable farming communities and households. Surveillance of pests, known as pest monitoring, will help mitigate the negative impacts of FAW in the country and will also promote the wider use of Integrated Pest Management (IPM) for sustainable management of the pest. This project will work towards strengthening the capacity of stakeholders in these two areas of management whilst supporting the development of a national strategy for the sustainable management of FAW in Botswana.
During the 2017-18 cropping season, Botswana was affected by fall armyworm (FAW) \((\text{Spodoptera frugiperda})\) which resulted in a poor harvest; a crisis smallholder farmers responded to by widespread use of pesticides. The continuous use of pesticides, however, would likely result in insecticide-resistant FAW populations, and farmers using highly hazardous products to cope with this. Furthermore, the use of these products could result in other pesticide risks including both acute and chronic human health burdens and adverse effects on natural enemies and pollinators in the country.

Given the negative impacts of FAW on food and nutrition security for vulnerable farming households and communities and the lack of data available for decision support on managing the pest, there was a need to urgently support the Government of Botswana and smallholder farmers to better respond to this threat in a sustainable manner.

In order for stakeholders to understand FAW, the problems, and its impacts, it is critical to increase awareness amongst farmers and extension staff and undertake pest monitoring, through surveillance and implementation of IPM methods, to effectively manage FAW and safeguard people’s lives and livelihoods.

The need to develop a strategy to guide the sustainable management of FAW in the short, medium, and long term in the country is also necessary.

To effectively manage the FAW crisis and protect people’s lives and livelihoods, this project aims to increase the awareness of farmers and extension staff of the tools and inputs available including the conducting of pest monitoring and the promotion of biopesticides.

Specific activities of the project include:

- Conducting a training of trainers (ToT) course on ‘Community Based Fall Armyworm Monitoring, Early Warning and Management (COFAMEM),’ including using the Fall Armyworm Early Warning Systems (FAMEWS)
- Conduct training and awareness-raising of sub-national extension staff on COFAMEM and related data collection tools
- FAW early warning data to be collected and uploaded onto relevant databases
- Technical backstopping of farmers and extensionists
- Contribute technical inputs to the awareness-raising workshops and production of awareness-raising materials
- Contribute to the development of a tool for the assessment of FAW impact
- Support the development of a national strategy for the sustainable management of fall armyworm in Botswana
Results so far

So far, CABI has helped to train more than 40 Ministry of Agriculture (MoA) staff in community FAW management and staff were introduced to the CABI communication platforms such as the FAW portal.

CABI has also facilitated farmer training sessions for at least 100 farmers and helped the Government to produce a number of communications products such as posters and flyers, and a policy brief on safe pesticide use.

Furthermore, more than 400 copies of a FAW pocket guide which provides quick references to the identification and management of the pest, have been distributed to frontline extension workers and farmers.

The project also plans to conduct a socio-economic survey to document the economic impacts of FAW in Botswana, to provide decision support data for policy-makers. Lastly, the national FAW strategy shall be developed so that it can be adopted and implemented by the Government.

Donors

Partners
Ministry of Agricultural Development and Food Security

CABI Project Manager
Ivan Rwomushana

https://www.cabi.org/what-we-do/cabi-projects/